

Equivalent Fractions (C)



Section A

$$\frac{2}{9} = \frac{\square}{27} = \frac{14}{\square} = \frac{\square}{99}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{\square}{24} = \frac{9}{\square} = \frac{21}{\square}$$

$$\frac{7}{10} = \frac{\square}{80} = \frac{28}{\square} = \frac{\square}{110}$$

$$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{\square}{96} = \frac{35}{\square} = \frac{60}{\square}$$

Section B

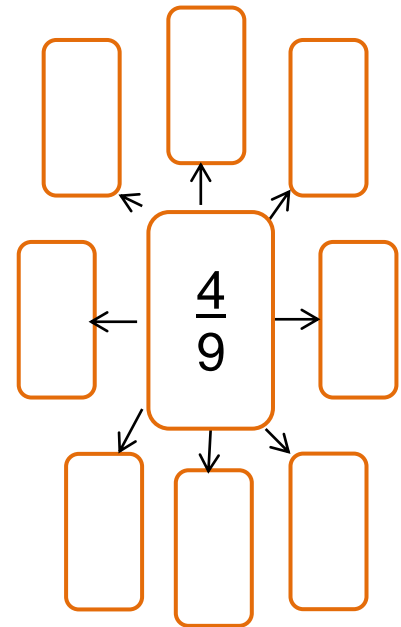
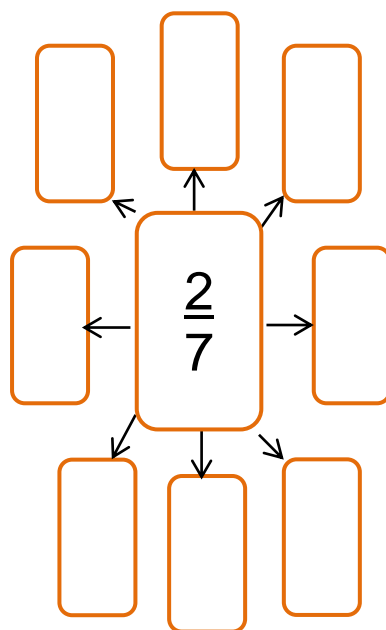
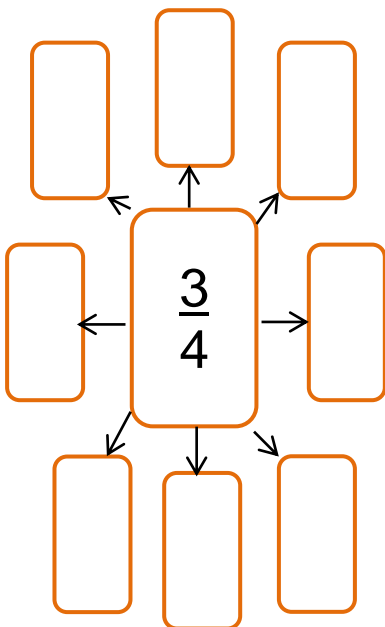
$$\frac{10}{15} = \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{30}{\square} = \frac{\square}{60}$$

$$\frac{18}{24} = \frac{\square}{72} = \frac{3}{\square} = \frac{9}{\square}$$

$$\frac{12}{32} = \frac{\square}{16} = \frac{48}{\square} = \frac{\square}{8}$$

$$\frac{50}{125} = \frac{\square}{25} = \frac{100}{\square} = \frac{2}{\square}$$

Section C



Extension: Circle the fractions in section B that are in simplest form.

Section D

