$$F = C_1 r v + C_2 r^2 v^2 \qquad F = \frac{mMG}{r^2} \qquad \mathbf{F} = \frac{d\mathbf{p}}{dt} = m\mathbf{a} \qquad dW = \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} \qquad a_{\text{cent}} = \frac{v^2}{r} = \omega^2 r$$

$$U = \frac{-mMG}{r} \qquad U = mgh \qquad U = \frac{1}{2}kx^2 \qquad K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \qquad K = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

$$E_{\text{tot}} = K + U = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{mMG}{r} = \frac{-mMG}{2a} \qquad \mathbf{L} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{p} \qquad I = \sum_{i} m_i r_i^2$$

$$m_1 r_1 = m_2 r_2 \qquad v = \omega r \qquad T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 (r_1 + r_2)^3}{G(m_1 + m_2)} \qquad \omega = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \qquad \omega = \sqrt{k/m}$$

$$\mathbf{\tau} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{F} = I\alpha = \frac{d\mathbf{L}}{dt} \qquad \alpha = \frac{d\omega}{dt} \qquad T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \qquad L = I\omega \qquad \mathbf{I} = \int_0^{\Delta t} \mathbf{F} \, dt = \mathbf{p_f} - \mathbf{p_i}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{g/l} \qquad \omega_{\text{pr}} = \frac{\tau}{L_c} \qquad T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 a^3}{GM}$$

Solid disk of mass M and radius R rotating about its cylindrical axis:  $I = \frac{1}{2}MR^2$ 

Solid sphere of mass M and radius R rotating about an axis through its center:  $I = \frac{2}{5}MR^2$ 

$$v_f - v_i = -u \ln\left(\frac{m_f}{m_i}\right) - gt \qquad I = I_{cm} + Md^2 \qquad I_z = I_x + I_y$$

$$f' = f\left(1 + \frac{v}{c}\cos\theta\right) \qquad \lambda' = \lambda\left(1 - \frac{v}{c}\cos\theta\right) \qquad \frac{dP}{dy} = -\rho g$$

$$PV = nRT \qquad R = 8.31\text{J/K} \qquad PV = NkT \qquad k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}\text{J/K} \qquad N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23}$$

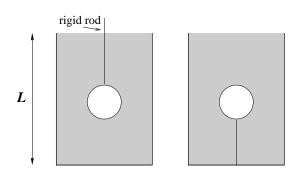
$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p} \qquad E = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda} \qquad \Delta L = \alpha L\Delta T \qquad \Delta V = \beta V\Delta T$$

$$h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{sec} \qquad \hbar = \frac{h}{2\pi} = 1.05 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{sec}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\rho v_1^2 + \rho g y_1 + P_1 = \frac{1}{2}\rho v_2^2 + \rho g y_2 + P_2$$

## Problem 8 (18 points)

A cylindrical container of length L is full to the brim with a liquid which has mass density  $\rho$ . It is placed on a weigh-scale; the scale reading is W. A light ball which would float on the liquid if allowed to do so, of volume V and mass m is pushed gently down and held beneath the surface of the liquid with a rigid rod of negligible volume as shown on the left.



- a. (4) What is the mass M of liquid which overflowed while the ball was being pushed into the liquid?
- b. (6) What is the reading of the scale when the ball is fully immersed? Give your reasons.
- c. (8) If instead of being pushed down by a rod, the ball is held in place by a thin string attached to the bottom of the container as shown on the right. What is the tension T in the string, and what is the reading on the scale?

## **Problem 8** 18 points

4 pts a) 
$$M = 
ho V$$

6 pts b) 
$$W' = W - Mg + F_{\text{buoy}}$$
  $F_{\text{buoy}} = Mg$   $W' = W - Mg + Mg \rightarrow W' = W$ 

8 pts c) 
$$mg + T = F_{\text{buoy}} = Mg \rightarrow T = Mg - mg$$
  
 $W' = W - Mg + F_{\text{buoy}} - T = W - T$