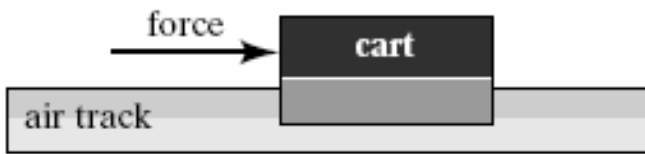


Problem 1:

A constant force is exerted on a cart that is initially at rest on an air track. Friction between the cart and the track is negligible. The force acts for a short time interval and gives the cart a certain final speed. To reach the same final speed with a force that is only half as big, the force must be exerted on the cart for a time interval



1. four times as long as
2. twice as long as
3. equal to
4. half as long as
5. a quarter of

that for the stronger force.

Problem 2:

A constant force is exerted for a short time interval on a cart that is initially at rest on an air track. This force gives the cart a certain final speed. The same force is exerted for the same length of time on another cart, also initially at rest, that has twice the mass of the first one. The final speed of the heavier cart is



1. one-fourth
2. four times
3. half
4. double
5. the same as

that of the lighter cart.

Problem 3:

You are a passenger in a car and not wearing your seat belt. Without increasing or decreasing its speed, the car makes a sharp left turn, and you find yourself colliding with the right-hand door. Which is the correct analysis of the situation?

1. Before and after the collision, there is a rightward force pushing you into the door.
2. Starting at the time of collision, the door exerts a leftward force on you.
3. both of the above.
4. neither of the above.